

Train a perceptron to classify according to:

- (4, 5) yes
- (6, 1) yes
- (4, 1) no
- (1, 2) no

There will be three weights (w_0, w_1, w_2) where is the w_0 threshold, corresponding to phantom input -1.

Start with “random” weights, say (0, +1, -1)

Choose $\eta = 1$.

EPOCH 1

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
(0, 1, -1)	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	no	1	(-1, 5, 4)
(-1, 5, 4)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	yes	0	no change
(-1, 5, 4)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	yes	-1	(0, 1, 3)
(0, 1, 3)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	yes	-1	<u>(1, 0, 1)</u>

EPOCH 2

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
<u>(1, 0, 1)</u>	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	yes	0	no change
(1, 0, 1)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	? no	1	(0, 6, 2)
(0, 6, 2)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	yes	-1	(1, 2, 1)
(1, 2, 1)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	yes	-1	<u>(2, 1, -1)</u>

EPOCH 3

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
<u>(2, 1, -1)</u>	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	no	1	(1, 5, 4)
(1, 5, 4)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	yes	0	no change
(1, 5, 4)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	yes	-1	(2, 1, 3)
(2, 1, 3)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	yes	-1	<u>(3, 0, 1)</u>

EPOCH 4

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
<u>(3, 0, 1)</u>	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	yes	0	no change
(3, 0, 1)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	no	1	(2, 6, 2)
(2, 6, 2)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	yes	-1	(3, 2, 1)
(3, 2, 1)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	yes	-1	<u>(4, 1, -1)</u>

EPOCH 5

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
<u>(4, 1, -1)</u>	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	no	1	(3, 5, 4)
(3, 5, 4)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	yes	0	no change
(3, 5, 4)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	yes	-1	(4, 1, 3)
(4, 1, 3)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	yes	-1	<u>(5, 0, 1)</u>

EPOCH 6

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
<u>(5, 0, 1)</u>	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	no	1	(4, 4, 6)
(4, 4, 6)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	yes	0	no change
(4, 4, 6)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	yes	-1	(5, 0, 5)
(5, 0, 5)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	yes	-1	<u>(6, -1, 3)</u>

EPOCH 7

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
<u>(6, -1, 3)</u>	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	yes	0	no change
(6, -1, 3)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	no	1	(5, 5, 4)
(5, 5, 4)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	yes	-1	(6, 1, 3)
(6, 1, 3)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	yes	-1	<u>(7, 0, 1)</u>

EPOCH 8

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
<u>(7, 0, 1)</u>	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	no	1	(6, 4, 6)
(6, 4, 6)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	yes	0	no change
(6, 4, 6)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	yes	-1	(7, 0, 5)
(7, 0, 5)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	yes	-1	<u>(8, -1, 3)</u>

EPOCH 9

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
<u>(8, -1, 3)</u>	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	yes	0	no change
(8, -1, 3)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	no	1	(7, 5, 2)
(7, 5, 2)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	yes	-1	(8, 1, 3)
(8, 1, 3)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	no	0	<u>(8, 1, 3)</u>

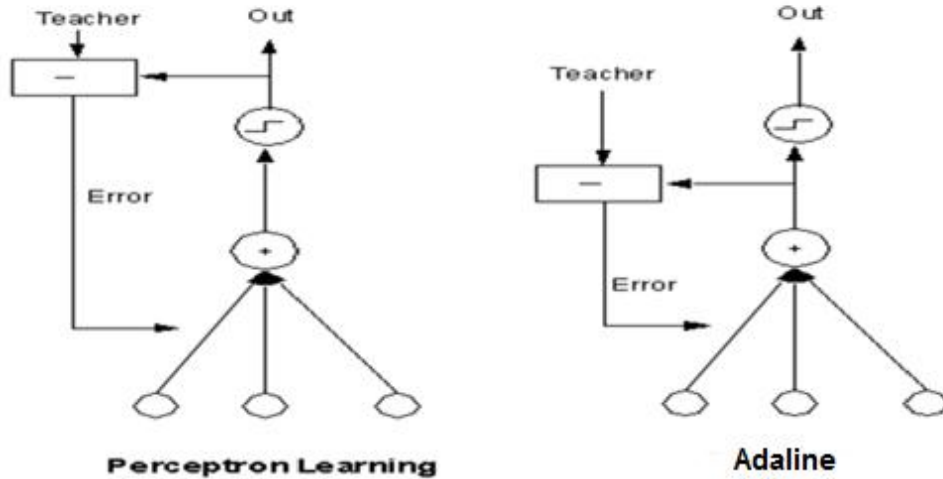
EPOCH 10

weights	input	desired	actual	error	new weights
<u>(8, 1, 3)</u>	(-1, 4, 5)	yes	yes	0	no change
(8, 1, 3)	(-1, 6, 1)	yes	yes	0	no change
(8, 1, 3)	(-1, 4, 1)	no	no	0	no change
(8, 1, 3)	(-1, 1, 2)	no	no	0	no change

Adaline Example

ADaptive Linear NEuron

Example – AND Function

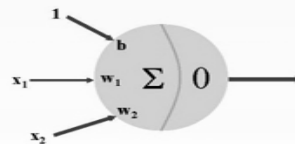


Example – AND Function

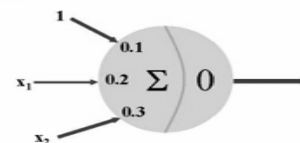
- Construct an AND function for a ADALINE neuron

– let $\eta = 0.1$

x1	x2	bias	Target
1	1	1	1
1	-1	1	-1
-1	1	1	-1
-1	-1	1	-1

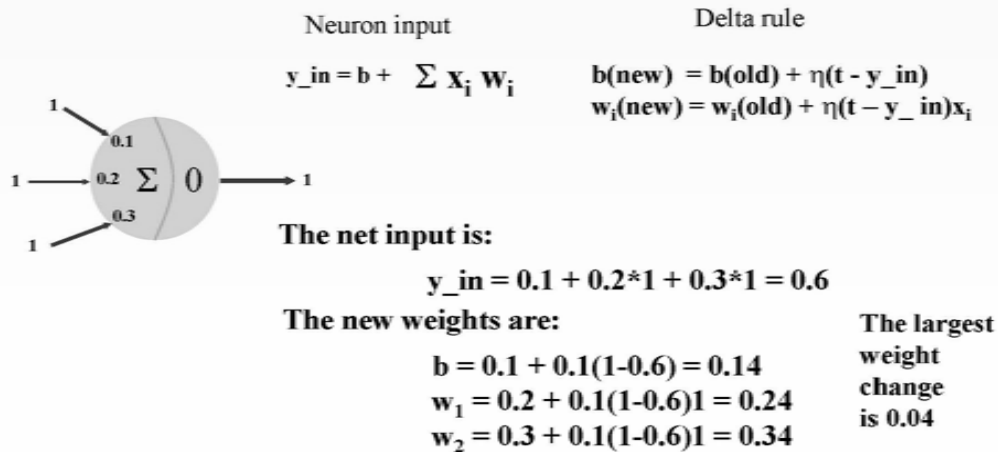


Initial Conditions: Set the weights to small random values:



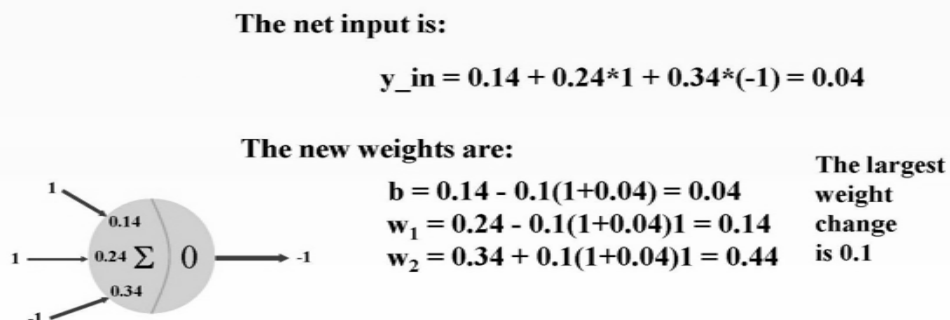
First Training Run

- Apply the input (1,1) with output 1



Second Training Run

- Apply the second training set (1 -1) with output -1

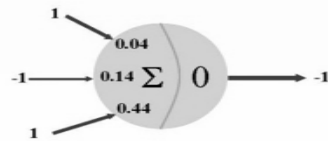


Third Training Run

- Apply the third training set (-1 1) with output -1

The net input is:

$$y_{in} = 0.04 - 0.14*1 + 0.44*1 = 0.34$$



The new weights are:

$$\begin{aligned} b &= 0.04 - 0.1(1+0.34) = -0.09 \\ w_1 &= 0.14 + 0.1(1+0.34)1 = 0.27 \\ w_2 &= 0.44 - 0.1(1+0.34)1 = 0.31 \end{aligned}$$

The largest weight change is 0.13

Fourth Training Run

- Apply the fourth training set (-1 -1) with output -1

The net input is:

$$y_{in} = -0.09 - 0.27*1 - 0.31*1 = -0.67$$



The new weights are:

$$\begin{aligned} b &= -0.09 - 0.1(1+0.67) = -0.27 \\ w_1 &= 0.27 + 0.1(1+0.67)1 = 0.43 \\ w_2 &= 0.31 + 0.1(1+0.67)1 = 0.47 \end{aligned}$$

The largest weight change is 0.16

The final solution

- Continue to cycle through the four training inputs until the largest change in the weights over a complete cycle is less than some small number (say 0.01)
- In this case, the solution becomes
 - $b = -0.5$
 - $w_1 = 0.5$
 - $w_2 = 0.5$